**Cwis Menter Iaith**

Hanes/*History*

1. Pa Frenin o Loegr a orchfygodd Cymru yn 1282?

*Which English King conquered Wales in 1282?*

 a)Edward I b)Harri’r V c)Edward II

1. Yn 1536 a 1542, cyhoeddwyd deddf a wnaed Saesneg yr unig Iaith swyddogol yng Nghymru, golygai hyn na all unrhyw un ddefnyddio’r Iaith Gymraeg mewn unrhyw swydd swyddogol yn nhiroedd Brenin y wlad..ond beth oedd enw’r deddfau hyn?

*In 1536 and 1542, an act was passed making English the only official language of Wales, meaning that no one could use Welsh in any official office in the lands of the King..but what where these acts called?*

 a)Deddfau Goruwchafiaeth/Acts of Supremacy

 b)Deddfau Uno/*Acts Of Union*

 *c)*Deddf Braint y Senedd*/Privilege of Parliament Act*

1. Beth oedd enw llawn Tywysog Cymru a oedd bia’r teitl ‘Arglwydd Aberffraw ac Eryri’?

*What was the full name of the Prince of Wales who held the title ‘Lord of Aberffraw and Snowdonia’?*

 a)Llywelyn ap Gruffydd Fawr

 b)Owain Glyndwr

 c) Hywel Dda

1. Cryfhaodd Deddf yr Iaith Gymraeg hawliau sifil Siaradwyr Cymraeg a rhoddodd statws hafal i’r Gymraeg a’r Saesneg. Nodwch ddau newid a ddaeth oherwydd y deddfau hyn...

*The Welsh Language Acts strengthened the civil rights of Welsh Speakers and gave equal status to the Welsh and English Language. Name two changes brought about by these acts...*

 Bilingual signage

 All council and bilingual forms available bilingually

 The right to a trial in Welsh

1. Yn 1865 glaniodd y Cymru cyntaf ym Mhatagonia yn y llong, Mimosa i ddechrau gwladfa Gymreig yn Ne America. Ond sawl arloeswr aeth ar y fordaith cyntaf?

*In 1856 the first Welsh settlers arrived in Patagonia in their ship, Mimosa to begin a new Welsh speaking colony in South America. How many pioneers were on that first voyage?*

 a)128 b)118 c)108

Daearyddiaeth/*Geography*

1. I’r milfed Cilometr sgwar agosaf, beth yw arwynebedd tirol Cymru?

*To the nearest thousand square kilometres what is the land area of Wales?*

 a)21,000 k/m2 b)18,000 k/m2 c)15,000 k/m2

1. I’r milwin agosaf, beth oedd poplogaeth Cymru yn 2001?

*To the nearest million, what was the population of Wales in 2001?*

 a)4 miliwn b)3.5 miliwn c)3 miliwn

1. Pa canran o’r boblogaeth hynny yn 2001 oedd yn siarad Cymraeg?

*What percentage of the population in 2001 spoke Welsh?*

 a)40% b)20% c)10%

1. Yn ol llên gwerin pa un o wledydd mwyaf pwerus y byd a chafodd ei enwi ar ol Cymro?

*According to folklore which one of the world’s most powerful countries was named after a Welshman?*

a)America – Richard ap Meurig or Richard Amerig, a merchant from Glamorgan who sponsored one of the first voyages to the new world

 b)China

 c)Britain

1. Mae gan Cymru saith rhyfeddod fel a nodwyd mewn cerdd enwog...a fedrwch chi nodi un?

*Wales can boast seven wonders as is noted in a famous poem..can you name one?*

 Pistyll Rhaeadr

 St Giles Church

 Overton Yew trees

 Ffynnon Gwenffrewi

 Pont Llangollen

 Clychau Gresford

Iaith/ *Language*

1. Pa Esgob Gymraeg gyfieithodd y Beibl i’r Gymraeg?

*Which Welsh Bishop translated the Bible into Welsh?*

 a)William Morgan b) Morgan Owen c)William Williams

1. Yn ol cyrifiad 2001, pa sir sydd a’r canrif fwyaf o siaradwyr Cymraeg?

*According to the 2001 census, which county has the highest percentage of Welsh speakers?*

 a)Sir Gaerfyrddin b)Ceredigion c)Gwynedd – nearly 70%

1. Yn ol yr un cyfrifiad, pa sir sydd a’r nifer lleiaf o siaradwyr Gymraeg?

*According to the same census, which county has the lowest percentage of welsh speakers?*

 a)Newport b)Monmothshire – 9% c)Sir Benfro

1. Dyma’r tro olaf i mi son am y cyfrifiad 2001 rwyn gaddo..o’r uchod pa sir sydd wedi dangos y tyfiant fwyaf yn y nifer o siaradwyr cymraeg rhwng 1991-2001?

*The last time I’ll mention the 2001 census i swear...from the above which county has shown the greatest growth in the number of Welsh speakers between 1991-2001?*

 Monmothshire again..it nearly quadrupled from nearly 2,000 to just under 8,000

1. Pa grwp oedran sydd efo’r mwyaf o siaradwyr Cymraeg?

*Which age group has the most Welsh speakers?*

a)Dros 70 mlwydd oed b)rhwng 40 a 70 c) rhwng 16-40

Diwylliant*/Culture*

1. Am beth mae S4C yn sefyll?

*What does S4C stand for?*

 Sianel Pedwar Cymru

1. Mae llawer wedi clywed am Gymdeithas yr Iaith a’i protestiadau cyfredol i gael statws hafal i’r Iaith Gymraeg. Ond a gallwch dynnu llun o’i symbol?

*We’ve heard of the Welsh Language Society and their ongoing protests for equal status for the Welsh Language. But can you draw their symbol?*

 Tafod y Ddraig

1. Mae’r Eisteddfod yn Wyl efo’i wreiddiau yn ddwfn yn niwylliant Cymru. Ers 1880 mae’r Eisteddfod Genedlaethol wedi rhedeg yn flynyddol heblaw am ddwy flynedd...pa ddwy flynedd NA fu Eisteddfod Genedlaethol?

*The Eisteddfod is a festival with its roots firmly fixed in Welsh culture. Since 1880 the National Eisteddfod has run annually apart from two years...which two years did the National Eisteddfod NOT take place?*

 1914, 1940

Gwir neu Gau*/True or False*

1. Agorodd Ysgol Gynradd Gymraeg gyntaf Cymru yn Aberystwyth yn 1939. Gwir neu gau?

*The first Welsh primary school to open in Wales was in Aberystwyth 1939. True or False?*

 Gwir – Ysgol Gymraeg Aberystwyth

1. Agorodd y ddwy ysgol Uwchradd Gymraeg gyntaf yng Ngwynedd. Gwir neu Gau?

*The two first Welsh medium High Schools were both located in Gwynedd. True or False?*

 Gau – Agorodd y ddwy gyntaf yn Sir y Fflint

1. Mae brithwe Cymraeg yn hyn na brithwe Albanaidd. Gwir neu Gau?

*Welsh tartan is actually older than Scottish tartan. True or False?*

 Gau – does dim fath betha brithwe Cymraeg

1. Mae’r gair saesneg ‘Penguin’ yn dod o’r Cymraeg llythrennol – ‘Pen Gwyn’. Gwir neu Gau?

*The English word ‘Pengiun’ comes from the welsh words ‘Pen Gwyn’ meaning literally ‘White Head’. True or False?*

 Gau - mae gen pengwin’s bennau du.

Tie breaker

Ym mha flwyddyn cafodd Dewi Sant ei eni?

In which year was Saint David born?

 512AD

Ym mha flwyddyn cafodd Dewi Sant ei ganoneiddio?

In which year was Saint David canonised?

 1120