**Yr Iaith Gymraeg – Cwis / Quiz**

1. Pasiwyd y Deddfau Uno gan Edward II. Erbyn 1536 yr oedd Cymru, o ran y gyfraith yn rhan o Loegr, a Saesneg oedd unig iaith swyddogol y wlad.

*Edward II passed the Acts of Union, joining England and Wales. By 1536, Wales by law was part of England and English was the only official language in the country.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. 

Defnyddiwyd y 'Welsh Not‘ yn y ddeunawfed ganrif a'r bedwaredd ganrif ar bymtheg, mewn ymgais i rwystro plant rhag siarad Cymraeg. Darn o bren neu lechen fechan oedd y 'Welsh Not', a'r llythrennau 'W.N.' wedi eu torri arno. Byddai'r 'Welsh Not' yn cael ei grogi o amgylch gwddf unrhyw blentyn a fyddai'n cael ei ddal yn siarad Cymraeg. Byddai'r athro yn cosbi'r plentyn a fyddai'n ei wisgo ar ddiwedd y dydd.

*The 'Welsh Not' was used during the eighteenth and nineteenth century in a bid to prevent pupils from speaking Welsh.*  *It usually consisted of a small piece of wood or slate inscribed with the letters 'W.N‘.* *It was hung around the neck of a child who was caught speaking Welsh. At the end of the school day, the child wearing the 'Welsh Not' would be punished by the schoolteacher.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Yn 1900 nid oedd gennych chi’r hawl i gael addysg trwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg, nac ychwaith hawl i gael treial trwy’r Gymraeg neu i dderbyn gohebiaeth swyddogol trwy’r Gymraeg.

*In 1900 you had no right to study through the medium of Welsh, no right to a trial in Welsh nor the right to receive official documentation in Welsh.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Yn 1982 ffurffwyd Cymdeithas Yr Iaith Gymraeg i frwydro dros hawliau i’r iaith Gymraeg.

*Cymdeithas Yr Iaith Gymraeg (The Welsh Language Society) was formed in 1982 to fight for rights for the Welsh Language.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Ar ôl cannoedd o flynyddoedd o addysg trwy’r Saesneg, agorwyd y 2 ysgol uwchradd cyfrwng Gymraeg gyntaf yn Nghymru yn Ngwynedd.

*After hundreds of years of English medium education, the first Welsh-medium secondary schools in Wales opened in the county of Gwynedd.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Yn ôl Deddf yr Iaith Gymraeg 1967 + 1993mae Cyrff Cyhoeddus bellach yn gorfod darparu gwasanaethau drwy’r Gymraeg.

*According to the 1967 + 1993 Welsh Language Acts, Public Bodies now have to provide their services through the medium of Welsh.*

1. Am y tro cyntaf erioed, rhoddodd censwn 2011 y cyfle i bobl mynegi ei hunananiaeth fel ‘Cymraeg’.

*For the first time ever in British census history the 2011 Census gave the opportunity for people to describe their identity as Welsh.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8 . Mae yna 50,000 o bobl yn byw ynghanol Llundain sy’n deall yr iaith Gymraeg.

*There are approximately 50,000 people who understand Welsh living in the greater London area.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. Mae yna gwladfa Cymraeg ym Mrazil lle mae’r iaith Gymraeg yn cael ei siarad.

*There is a Welsh colony in Brazil where the Welsh language is widely spoken.*

True or False? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_